National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements

7910 Woodmont Avenue, Suite 400, Bethesda, Maryland 20814-3095 Voice (301) 657-2652 Ext. 25 • Fax (301) 907-8768 • http://NCRPonline.org • http://NCRPpublications.org

MEMORANDUM

Date: March 31, 2011

To: NCRP Customers

From: David A. Schauer

Executive Director

Subject: Errata for NCRP Report No. 168

The following corrections should be made to NCRP Report No. 168, *Radiation Dose Management for Fluoroscopically-Guided Interventional Medical Procedures* (2010):

- Page 194, 1st paragraph, line 7: replace "table height" with "imaging geometry"
- Page 196, replace Fig. D.3 caption:

Fig. D.3: The $K_{a,r}$ reference point is nominally at the patient's entrance-skin surface as shown here. In this exact geometry the incident air kerma $K_{a,i} = K_{a,r}$, and in the absence of beam motion, the resultant entrance air kerma $(K_{a,e})$ and entrance-skin absorbed dose $(D_{skin,e})$ are: $K_{a,e} = K_{a,r} A BSF$; and $D_{skin,e} = K_{a,e} f$; where A is the attenuation of the table top, BSF is the backscatter factor (dependent on x-ray spectrum and field size at the surface), and f is the ratio of mass attenuation coefficients of skin to air. Under these conditions: $D_{skin,e} \simeq 1.3 K_{a,r}$ (approximate range 1.2 to 1.5).

These changes do not affect the recommendations and conclusions of this Report.