



NCRP Report No. 179: Guidance for Emergency Response Dosimetry

National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements

What is new?

- ◆ Explanation of how emergency workers differ from “conventional” occupational workers;
- ◆ Guidance to prioritize limited supplies of personal dosimetry and dose rate devices;
- ◆ Application of the concept of group (*i.e.*, representative) dose assignment for a given cohort or task;
- ◆ Strategies to employ or repurpose all available radiological instrumentation for prospective and retrospective dose determination;
- ◆ Guidance to ensure exposure control and optimization of doses is based on the best available measurements;
- ◆ Suggestions for alternative methods of dose assignment from the perspective of both protection and liability, and compensation;
- ◆ Considerations for minimum recordkeeping; and
- ◆ Planning considerations to address the needs for retrospective internal and external dose reconstruction, pre-event equipment selection and purchase, and minimum training elements.

Overview

This Report bridges the dosimetry gaps between trained and equipped radiation workers and all other categories of responders who are considered emergency workers during a response to a radiological or nuclear incident.

It provides guidance on the control of radiation dose and focuses on answering the following key questions:

- ◆ With minimal dosimetry resources, how do responders make decisions to control the total dose and associated risk?
- ◆ How are doses assigned to responders when not every responder is issued a dosimeter before exposure occurs?
- ◆ What is the regulatory framework for responders who are not trained as radiation workers?

This Report discusses a scalable approach for optimizing and repurposing existing equipment and provides tools that help emergency managers and planners identify the best available equipment for a specific mission.

Dose reconstruction: Information sources (excerpt from Table 8.1)

	Best	Good/Alternative	Minimum/Surrogate
Source Characterization	Radionuclide composition, exposure rates, activity concentrations, spatial distribution	Exposure rate and distance from source	Indication of radiation source
Location	Location (x, y coordinates) recorded automatically	Location/area known	Description of general area or zone
Time	Date and time recorded independently	Attendance/shift logs available	Personal recollection or correlation to another activity
Duration	Exact time spent at the location recorded automatically	Shift logs or similar available	Personal recollection or correlation to another activity
Activity/Task	Logged/recorded tasks or actions on-scene	General description of tasks or actions	Based on assumptions in absence of direct information

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Mission-oriented detector selection (excerpt from Table 4.4)

Mission	Personal Dosimeter	Pocket Ionization Chamber	Alarming EPD	PRD	ER-PRD	PERD	Non-alarming PERD	Low Range Survey Meter	High Range Survey Meter	RIID	Large Mobile and Transportable	Aerial	Portal Monitor
Hot zone [$>10 \text{ mR h}^{-1}$ ($\sim 0.1 \text{ mGy h}^{-1}$)]													
Emergency worker exposure control	∅ ∅ ^E	○	○	∅	○	■	○	∅	○	∅	∅	∅	∅
Emergency worker dose monitoring	■	○	○	∅	∅	■	○	∅	∅	∅	∅	∅	∅
Radiation survey (hot zone only)	∅	∅	○	∅	○	■	∅	∅	■	∅	∅	■	∅

^aSymbol key:

■ = Useful; Appropriate for the mission
○ = Marginal; meets minimum requirement
∅ = Not useful; insufficient for the mission

A = Provided instruments have the capability to track accumulated exposure or dose

B = Provided instruments have the capability for low-range [$\text{down to } 0.1 \text{ mR h}^{-1}$ ($\sim 1 \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$)] exposure monitoring

C = Provided instruments can readout in exposure or dose rate and do not automatically adjust for background

D = Provided instruments have the capability for energy spectroscopic analysis

E = Provided the dosimeter has the capability for readout in the field

F = Provided instruments have the capability for high-range [up to 10 R h^{-1} ($\sim 0.1 \text{ Gy h}^{-1}$)] functionality

G = Provided instruments have the capability for very high-range [up to $1,000 \text{ R h}^{-1}$ ($\sim 10 \text{ Gy h}^{-1}$)] functionality

H = Provided instruments have the loud audible and vibration alarm

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